Bible Correspondence Fellowship



1 Thessalonians Lesson

Answer Sheet for New Living Translation (NLT)

The book of First Thessalonians is probably the first epistle written by the Apostle Paul. The epistle contains a great deal of important teaching and practical instruction for Christian living. It primarily is a letter of encouragement and thanksgiving for the faithfulness of the Thessalonian believers. However, it also addresses the important issues of morality and the need for Christians to work to provide for themselves. Most notably this letter teaches us about the event which will mark the end of this current dispensation of the Grace of God, the Rapture of the Church, the Body of Christ.

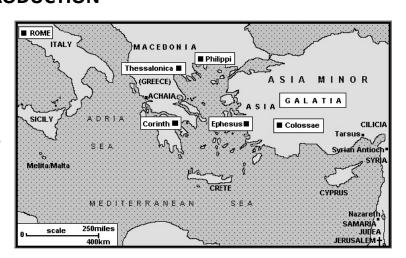
Before beginning this study you should take time to read through First Thessalonians from beginning to end. This will help you better understand each section in the context of the entire book. While doing the study read each question carefully using the given Scripture reference to find your answer. May the Lord bless you as you study the book of First Thessalonians.

INTRODUCTION

AUTHOR: The apostle Paul

PLACE OF WRITING: Written from Corinth.

DATE OF WRITING: First Thessalonians was probably written in 50 or 51 AD while Paul was residing in Corinth for 18 months as recorded in Acts 18:11.



PURPOSE, THEME AND SUBJECT MATTER OF THE LETTER: Thessalonica was the most prominent city in the area of northern Greece known as Macedonia. It was a bustling seaport and at the intersection of two major Roman roads. It had a population of about 200,000 at the time Paul visited it. It had a fairly large Jewish population and thus a synagogue where Paul preached for three Sabbath days (Acts 17:2).

After establishing the church in Thessalonica Paul moved on to Berea, Athens and Corinth (Acts 17-18). While in Corinth he was joined by Timothy and Silas (Acts 18:5). They returned with news from the Thessalonian church which prompted Paul to pen this letter of encouragement and instruction to them. Paul was thankful that the believers had remained faithful but apparently there were a number of issues that had arisen and Paul felt it was necessary to correct their thinking. The issue of greatest concern was that there was confusion among the believers about the nature of the coming of the Lord and the resurrection of believers that had died. Paul mentions something about the appearing of the Lord in each chapter, with the most attention to the subject given in chapters 4 and 5 in which we find a detailed description of the order of occurrences that make up the great event commonly referred to as the Rapture of the Church. It seems that some in the church felt that since the Lord could come at any moment that there was no need to work to support themselves. Paul lets them know in no uncertain terms that such a conclusion is unacceptable. Other areas of Christian behavior, such as sexual purity, are also addressed in this letter.

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Chapter 1

CDEETING	AND THA	NKSGIVING
GREETING	AND I HA	INKSGIVING

Read	1	Thessa	lonians	Chap	oter 1	_	Check
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- 1. (v. 1:1) Who was together with Paul when he wrote this letter?

 Silas and Timothy
- (v. 1:1) How does Paul describe the Thessalonian church? to you who belong to God the Father and the Lord Jesus Christ.
- 3. (v. 2) What is the nature of Paul's prayer? He gives thanks for the Thessalonians
- 4. (v. 3) For what three characteristics of the Thessalonians does Paul give thanks?
 - a. Their faithful work
 - b. their loving deeds
 - c. their enduring hope

Note: Read the following passages and look for the mention of faith, hope and love together: 1 Corinthians 13:13; Galatians 5:5-6; Colossians 1:4-5; Hebrews 6:10-12; Hebrews 10:22-24; 1 Peter 1:3-9

5. (v. 1:4-5) What does Paul say was evidence that they were chosen (KJV elected) by God? the Holy Spirit gave them full assurance that what they said was true (the gospel)

6.	(v. 1:6) Whom did the Thessalonians follow? Paul and the Lord
	(vss. 1:7-8) What was the result of the Thessalonian's faith and lifestyle?
	They became an example to all the believers in Greece—
	and the word of the Lord rang out from them to people everywhere,
8.	(vs. 1:9b) What did the Thessalonian believers leave behind in order to follow God? idols
	Note: This comment, that the Thessalonians turned from idols, is one reason why many scholars believe that there were many Gentile converts in the church. Had they been mostly Jewish converts Paul would not have mentioned them turning from idols as the Jews did not worship idols.
9.	(vs. 1:10) For whom were the Thessalonians waiting and from where? God's Son from heaven—Jesus
	. (vs. 1:10b) From what were they to be delivered? from the terrors of the coming judgment.
Paul idisobothe Books 19:15	The "wrath" referred to in this passage is not eternal punishment in hell, but rather is speaking of the time when God's wrath will be poured out on the world because of its edience. This wrath is the seven years of tribulation which will begin after the Church, ody of Christ is taken out of the world. Please read Revelation 6:16-17 and Revelation. This is Paul's first reference in this epistle to the "appearing of the Lord" when we beswill be taken away to be with the Lord forever. This taking away is commonly called the ure."
710-10-0	Chapter 2
PAUL	'S MINISTRY IN THESSALONICA
Read	1 Thessalonians Chapter 2 Check
1.	(vs. 2:1) How does Paul describe his visit to Thessalonica? <u>not a failure</u>
2.	(vs. 2:2) How had Paul and his companions been treated in Phillippi? badly; and they suffered much
Note:	Read Acts 16:16-40 for a description of the events Paul is referring to in verse 3:1.
3.	(vs. 2:3-6a) Put into your own words the point which Paul is trying to make in these verses.
	Paul's motives for writing to them and giving them instructions were sincere.
	He was not seeking to please men, but to serve God. (Answer will vary)

4.	(vs. 2:7) How does Paul describe their attitude toward the Thessalonian believers? <u>like children</u> , or like a mother feeding and caring for her children
5.	(vss. 2:8-9) How did Paul and his companions prove that they were not seeking financial gain from the Thessalonians?
	they worked day and night to earn a living so as
	not to be a burden to them
6.	(vs. 2:10) What was the nature of Paul's lifestyle and testimony among the Thessalonians? They were devout and honest and faultless toward all of the believers.
	They were devout and nonest and raditiess toward an or the believers.
7.	(vs. 2:12) How did Paul encourage the Thessalonians to live?
	In a way God considered worthy
8.	(vs. 2:13) How did the Thessalonians receive the Word of God? Not as the word of men, but as the word of God.
9.	(vs. 2:13) What does the Word of God do for those that believe? It works in those who believe
of Goo used t Child	1 Thessalonians 2:13 is one of the most important verses describing what the Word does in the life of the believer. The following quote summarizes the way the Word is to change lives: "The Holy Spirit of God uses the Holy Word of God to produce the Holy of God." It is through His Word that God works in our lives to conform us to be like our See also Hebrews 4:12; 2 Timothy 3:16; Psalm 119:11 and Psalm 119:105.
10	. (vs. 2:14) In what way were the Thessalonians like the believers in Judea? They suffered persecution from their own countrymen
11	. (vs. 2:16) What did the Jews try to keep Paul and his companions from doing? from preaching the Good News of salvation to the Gentiles.
12	. (vs. 2:16) What has come upon the Jews because of what they did to Paul? The anger of God came upon them

Note: The Jews (the nation of Israel) in the Old Testament were God's chosen people. He had given to them many special blessings and promises. Rather than being a channel of

blessing to the Gentile nations they became arrogant and kept the Word of God to themselves. The Jews resisted God's efforts to bring salvation freely to the Jew and Gentiles alike through the ministry of the Apostle Paul. Because of Israel's disobedience God set them aside and discontinued their special privileged position and established the Body of Christ as God's people for today in which there is no distinction between Jews and Gentiles. Read the following verses: (Acts 28:25-28; Romans 9:30-33). We will learn later in this study that when God takes away the Body of Christ when he appears in the clouds that Israel's special position will be restored.

13.	(vs. 2:17-18) What was Paul's desire and who kept him from accomplishing it?
	He longed to see his brothers and sisters in Thessolonica,
	but Satan prevented that.

14. (vss. 2:19-20) How does Paul describe the Thessalonian believers? His hope and joy, proud reward and crown.

Note: This passage and others (Philippians 4:1) demonstrate Paul's great love for the believers. He understood that the only thing that has lasting value in this world are people and the impact we can have on them for the glory of God. What he valued most of all things, next to knowing and loving the Lord Jesus Christ was the people he ministered to. Paul instructs us to follow him as he followed Christ (1 Corinthians 11:1). This intense love for people is certainly one area that every believer should seek to develop in their lives.

Chapter 3

TIMOTHY'S VISIT AND REPORT	
Read 1 Thessalonians Chapter 3	Check

them?

1.	(vs. 3:1) Where was Paul at the time Timothy went to visit the believers in Thessalonica? <u>Athens</u>
2.	(vs. 3:2) Why did Paul send Timothy to Thessalonica? He was sent to strengthen and encourage them in their faith
3.	(vs. 3:3-4) What did Paul warn the Thessalonians of when he was with them? the troubles (persecution) that would come

That the tempter had gotten the best of them and that his work had been useless

4. (vs. 5) What was Paul so concerned about that he felt he needed to send Timothy to

5.	(vs. 3:6) Describe Timothy's report on the condition of the Thessalonian church. He brought good news about their faith and love. Timothy reported
	that they always remembered Paul's visit with joy.
6.	(vss. 3:7-10) What was Paul's response to Timothy's news? He was encouraged because they had remained strong in the faith.
	Paul thanked God for them. He had great joy
7.	(vs. 3:10) What did Paul desire after hearing this report? To see them again
8.	(vss. 3:11-13) List three specific things Paul mentions in his prayer for the Thessalonians.
	1. that God and Jesus bring him to them soon
	2. The Lord make their love grow and overflow That the Lord make their boarts strong blameless and hely
	3. That the Lord make their hearts strong, blameless and holy
9.	(vs. 3:13) For how long would this be considered a legitimate prayer for believers? until our Lord Jesus comes again
	Chapter 4
LIVIN	G TO PLEASE GOD
Read	1 Thessalonians Chapter 4:1-12 Check
1.	(vs. 4:1) What instructions did Paul give to the Thessalonians? to live in a way that pleases God,
2.	(vs. 4:2) By whose authority did Paul instruct the Thessalonians?the Lord Jesus
3.	(vs. 4:3) What is the will of God for believers as described in this verse?
	to be holy, so stay away from all sexual sin.
4.	(vs. 4:4) How should every believer live and behave? In holiness and honor

Note: This is one of several passages in which the Lord specifically reveals His will for believers. Many times Christians worry and fret trying to discover God's will for their lives,

seeking some evidence of God's leading in various situations, yet they ignore the clear teaching of the Scriptures regarding God's will. We have been given instruction regarding many of the most important decisions we have to make in life. If we are constantly seeking to follow God's revealed will in the scripture, the other aspects of life will fall into place.

5. (vs. 4:5) How are the heathen (Gentiles – KJV) described which explains their lustful

They do not know God
(vs. 4:6) What is the Lord's response to those that take advantage (defraud – KJV) others through sexual immorality? the Lord avenges all such sins
This verse is written to Christians and teaches us that God punishes disobedience in fe of the believer. The Bible clearly teaches that the eternal penalty for sin was paid Christ died on the cross and we accept the gift of eternal life through faith. 2 Corinthize 121 says that "God made him that had no sin to become sin for us so that in him we become the righteousness of God." This and many similar verses teach about our positions. We are saved, forgiven, justified and made righteous. When God looks upon us es not see us as sinners but rather he sees the righteous perfection of Christ.
Although we are righteous positionally, we still live in our fleshly bodies and continue to bespite our righteous position God does not ignore sinful behavior, thoughts and atti-in His children. When the Bible says that he punishes those that commit sin, it is not the as how he deals with unbelievers, but he disciplines the believer as a loving parent does a child (Hebrews 12:7-11).
(vs. 4:7) To what kind of lifestyle did God call those that trust Him? to a holy life
(vs. 4:8) How does Paul describe the man that rejects his teaching? He is rejecting God
(vs. 4:8) What does God give us? His Holy Spirit
. (vs. 4:9) What have we been taught by God?to love one another
. (vs. 4:10) What does Paul encourage the Thessalonians to do? to love even more than they already do

Note:	God repeatedly instructs us to love one another	Romans 12:10 is one of many vers-
es tha	t instructs us to be devoted to loving each other.	

12. (vss. 4:11-12) Describe how Paul instructs the believers to live.

they should live a quiet life, minding their own business
and work with their hands

THE GLORIOUS APPEARING OF THE LORD

Read 1 Thessalonians Chapter 4:13-18 Check

13. (vs. 4:13) What group of people is Paul informing the Thessalonians about?

Believers who have died.

Note: The phrase "those that have fallen asleep" refers to people that have died. This was apparently a figure of speech that was commonly used to refer to someone that had died (Acts 7:60; Acts 13:36; 1 Corinthians 11:30; 1 Corinthians 15:6). The word picture is drawn from the fact that a dead corpse appears as if it is asleep. Paul, is not implying however, that when a person dies that he is not conscious or in a state of suspended animation. Paul clearly teaches that when someone dies his soul and spirit live on in the presence of the Lord (Philippians 1:21-23; 2 Corinthians 5:8)

14. (vs. 4:13) What does Paul say about the way people without Christ grieve when people die?

They are without hope

15. (vs. 4:14) What does Paul say that we believe? Jesus died and was raised to life again

16. (vs 4:14) What do we also believe if we believe the things mentioned in the previous question?

When Jesus returns, God will bring back with Him the believers who died.

17. (vs. 4:15) On whose authority does Paul teach the following truths? The Lord's authority

	Then together with them, we who are still alive, and remain on the earth will be caught up
	in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air. Then we will be with the Lord forever.
	(Answer will vary)
	Chapter 5
MOR	E INSTRUCTION ABOUT THE APPEARING OF THE LORD
Read	1 Thessalonians Chapter 5:1-11 Check
1.	(vss. 5:1-2) Does Paul say that we can know when the Lord's appearing will take place? Yes X No
2.	(vs. 5:3) What will people be saying just before the tribulation begins? Everything is peaceful and secure
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3.	(vss. 5:4-8) How does Paul describe the difference between believers and unbelievers in these verses?
3.	
3. 4.	in these verses? The believers are in the light, while unbelievers are in darkness (vs. 5:8) How should this different perspective that believers have influence the way they live?
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	The believers are in the light, while unbelievers are in darkness (vs. 5:8) How should this different perspective that believers have influence the way they live? We are to t be clearheaded, protected by the armor of faith and love, and wearing as our helmet the confidence of our salvation.

18. (vss. 4:16-17) In your own words explain the events that are described in these verses.

First the believers who have died will rise from their graves.

Note: When this passage speaks of "wrath" it is not speaking of unbelievers spending eternity in Hell. That is generally described as punishment (2 Thessalonians 1:9) or condemnation (Romans 8:1). The wrath of God is His vengeance poured out on the world because of sin, disobedience and wickedness. God's wrath will be poured out during the seven years of tribulation which is described as the "great day of his wrath" (Revelation 6:17). Therefore when Paul says that we are not appointed to see wrath he is teaching that members of the Body of Christ will not pass through the tribulation period. That is precisely the reason why the Rapture must take place before the tribulation begins, so that the members of the Body of Christ can be removed from the Earth when the day of God's wrath begins.

6. (vs. 5:10) What is the benefit of Christ's death according to this verse?

whether we are dead or alive when he returns,

we can live with him forever.

FINAL INSTRUCTIONS

Read 1 Thessalonians Chapter 5:12-28 _____ Check

7. (vss. 5:12-13) How are the believers instructed to behave toward those that labor among them in the Lord's service?

Honor and respect them and love them wholeheartedly

8. (vs. 5:13b) How are believers to live with one another?

peacefully

9. (vss. 5:14-16) List some of the instructions Paul gives to believers in these verses.

Warn those who are lazy. Encourage the timid. Take care of the weak. Be patient.

10. (vs. 5:18) What does Paul specifically identify as the will of God for believers?

Be thankful in all circumstances

11. (vs. 5:19) What is Paul's command in this verse?

Do not stifle the Holy Spirit

Note: Paul tells the believers many times that they are sealed with the Holy Spirit (2 Corinthians 1:22; Ephesians 1:13; Ephesians 4:30). This means that the Spirit will never leave us. However, 1 Thessalonians 5:19 tells us that we are able to quench the Spirit. This happens when we ignore the Spirit motivating us to seek to obey God's will for our lives. We are essentially ignoring the Spirit's work in our hearts. Ephesians 4:30 also tells us we can "grieve" the Holy Spirit. This is done through our sinful behavior and thoughts. It makes God sad when we disobey Him. So while we can never lose the presence of the Holy Spirit in our lives, we can ignore His work and we can cause him to be sad through our disobedience.

12. (vs. 5:20) How were believers to respond to prophecies?

<u>Do not scoff at prophecies</u>

Note: The prophecies referred to in this verse are those words which were preached and/or written by the prophets that were alive at the time Paul wrote his New Testament epistles (letters). Because the New Testament had not yet been fully revealed and written down it was necessary that certain people had the spiritual gift of prophecy in which they received direct revelation from God regarding matters of doctrine and practice in the church.

This gift is said to be foundational (Ephesians 2:20). With the foundation having been laid when the New Testament was completed and the church coming to maturity in terms of doctrinal revelation (1 Corinthians 13:9-11) the gift of prophecy is no longer necessary. The application of this verse for today is that Christians should not treat the writings of God's prophets, i.e. the Scriptures, with contempt, but we should heed their words and seek to obey the commands of God that apply to us today.

13.	(vs. 5:21) Describe how you can apply the instructions of this verse. Test everything that is said. Hold on to what is good. (Answer will vary)
14.	(vs. 5:22) How can you apply the simple principle of this verse in your life? Stay away from every kind of evil.
	(Answer will vary)
15.	(vs. 5:23) What is Paul's desire for the believers as expressed in this verse? may your whole spirit and soul and body be kept blameless
-	until our Lord Jesus Christ comes again.
16.	(vs. 5:23) What are the three parts of the person that are listed in this verse? 1. spirit 2. soul
	3. <u>body</u>
17.	(vs. 5:24) Compare this verse with Philippians 1:6. Both speak of God being the one that brings to completion the work of
	keeping us blameless and bringing them to maturity
18.	(vs. 5:25) What does Paul request the believers to do for him? Pray for them
19.	(vs. 5:27) What was to be done with this letter? Read this letter to all the brothers and sisters

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